

粵英雙語學齡兒童 口吃的表現、識別及治療



Manifestation, Identification and Treatment of Stuttering in School-age Bilingual Cantonese-English Speaking Children

口吃是一種言語障礙，表現為說話時的流暢性受到阻礙；也就是一般所形容的，說話時結結巴巴、不斷重複某些字、拉長語音，或是話語斷斷續續不連貫等現象，使說話變得十分不流利

Stuttering is a speech disorder marked by interruptions in the flow of speech, including difficulty initiating a word, and frequent repetitions (e.g., ni, ni, nice to meet you) or prolongations of speech sounds and syllables (e.g., mmmmy name is...)

招募對象 Recruitment Criteria

- 6至10歲 口吃 / 非口吃粵英雙語兒童
- 沒有任何聽覺障礙、視覺障礙、神經發展障礙、言語及語言障礙

Cantonese-English bilingual children with and without stuttering between the ages of 6 and 10, who do not have any hearing, visual, speech, language, or neurodevelopmental disorders

研究目的 Aim of the Research

- 了解粵英雙語學齡兒童使用粵語時的口吃狀況和特點
- 有利團隊日後開發言語治療工具，以對學齡兒童的口吃作出準確的診斷及治療

Better understand the features of stuttering in Cantonese, and thus, to develop an effective diagnosis and treatment of stuttering for children

完成研究的參與者將會獲得
港幣\$200現金 和 簡短言語及語言能力評估報告，
及有機會接受口吃治療

Participants who have completed the experiment will receive HKD \$200, an informal speech and language assessment report, and may receive treatment for stuttering

參與者需到香港大學出席2節共約3-4小時的活動，完成言語和語言測試及記錄語音樣本

Participants are required to attend 2 sessions at HKU, lasting around 3-4 hours in total, for speech and language assessments and speech recordings

